

# TRANSDEC: Transportation Decision Making

Fall'09-SS599  
Raghu Nallamothu  
Vikas Meka  
Afsin Akdogan  
Nima Najafian

1

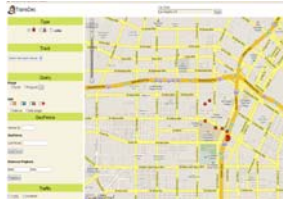
## Agenda

- Project Overview
- Tasks
- Technologies Used
- Milestones & Deliverables

2

## TransDec

- TransDec: a **real-data driven** and immersive framework that enables **on-the-fly spatio-temporal querying, analysis and planning** of transportation systems
- Two main focus
  - Moving objects
    - Nearest Neighbor
    - Range Queries
    - Geofence
    - Historical Playbacks
  - Traffic sensors
    - Continuous Monitoring
    - Historical Traffic Patterns
    - TD Shortest Path
- Real-world spatiotemporal data



3

## Traffic Sensor Data

- Provided by RIITS
  - Real-time highway congestion
  - Real-time arterial congestion
  - Events
  - Metro Bus & Train locations
  - CCTV
- Highway sensors spread over **18 highways** inside LA
- Total **1523 highway sensors** covering 1183 miles



Update rate every **1 minute**  
• Daily **2.2 million** rows,  
300MB of data (only highway sensors)

4

## Moving Objects

- Provided by USC Transportation office
  - **40 Vehicles**
  - Update rate is every **5 seconds**
- Moving object trajectory lat/long, speed



5

## Tasks

- A) GUI
- B) Middle Tier
- C) ArcGis
- D) Hadoop

6

## GUI & Middle Tier

7

## Tasks A & B

1. Real-time data integration from RIITS
  - Traffic Sensor Data for main Streets
  - CCTV
2. Generic Query Interface , “Middle Tier”
3. Temporal Traffic Pattern Analysis
4. Traffic Flow Implementation
5. CCTV Footages
6. Granular Querying

8

## Task A -RIITS Data Integration

- Data is Provided in an predefined XML format.
- Traffic sensor data and the CCTV snapshots are updated every minute
- Congestion freeway inventory data is updated on a daily basis
- CCTV Inventory data is updated quarterly.

9

## Task B -Query Interface

- A generic Query interface is designed to interact with all the webservices.
- Based on the type of request each of them is called for a specific purpose.
- All the webservices can be accessed through SOAP calls.

10

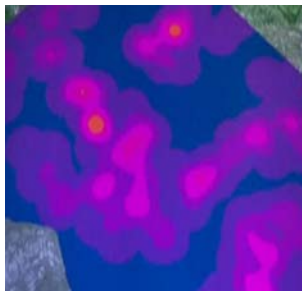
## Temporal Traffic Pattern Analysis



- Users can adjust the date and time to analyse traffic patterns

11

## Task A -Traffic Flow Implementation



- Monitoring the movement of traffic in any specific location between various segments.

12

## Task A - CCTV Footages



- Users can also view CCTV footages of vehicular flow at various segments.
- If we have multiple snapshots of a particular location we also show them a video.

13

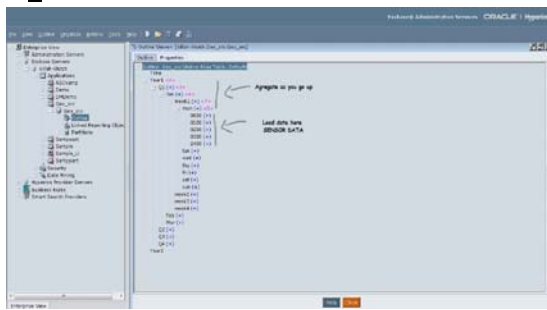
## Task B - Granular Querying

- We can Custom Query any segment of the map to retrieve historical patterns about the vehicular flow.



14

## Cube Operations



15

## ArcGis

16

## ArcGIS Integration

### What Are we trying to do:

- Feed ArcGIS with our Data
- Use ArcGIS tools and functions to display our data
- Import our queries to ArcGIS and adjusting them to work with ArcGIS libraries and tools(Current Traffic and Traffic prediction)

17

## Task C - Getting Started

- Preparing the programming environment: obtaining the software and installing it



18

## Task C – Connecting Oracle to ArcGis

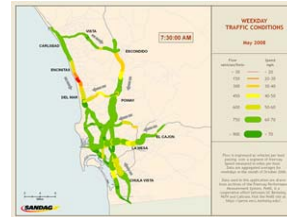
- Connecting to OracleDB using a direct Connection
- Utilize ARCTOOLBOX for geoprocessing (extract,overlay,..)
- Query our data(highway sensors) with ArcMap and mapping it by adding data layers ( displaying highway sensors)



9

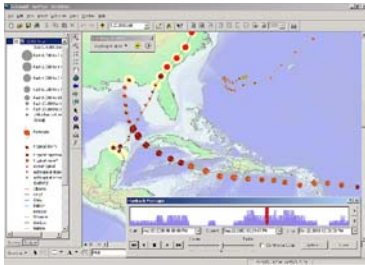
## Task C - Querying Traffic

- Displaying realtime traffic flow on the map
- Visualizing current traffic and the historical pattern using ArcGIS Analysis tools



## Task C - Tracking moving objects

- Tracking moving objects using Arc GIS Tracking Analyst



## Hadoop

## Task D–Distributed Computing

- GeoSpatial Queries
  - Computationally Complex
  - Time Consuming on large Datasets
- Solution
  - Parallelize the Queries

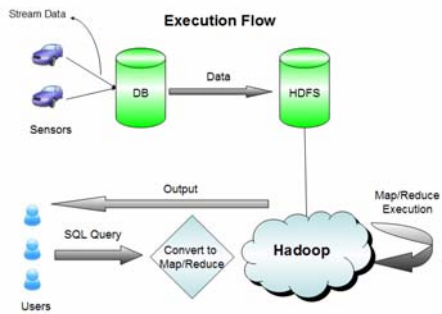
23

## Task D - Hadoop

- What is Hadoop?
  - A Software Framework to support data intensive distributed applications. It enables to work with thousands of nodes and petabytes of data.
- Why do we need Hadoop ?
  - Parallelization
  - Scalability
  - Fault Tolerance
  - Cost Effectiveness

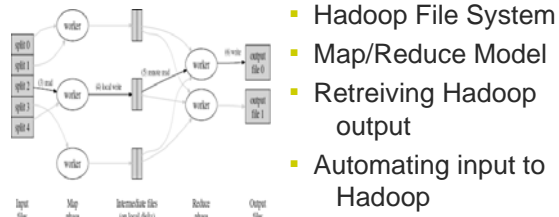
24

## Task D – Execution Flow



25

## Task D - Map/Reduce



- Hadoop File System
- Map/Reduce Model
- Retrieving Hadoop output
- Automating input to Hadoop

26

## Technologies Used

- Oracle Spatial – PL/SQL
- AJAX, Flex
- Java- Servlet, Jsp
- SOAP, XML, WSDL

27

| Week/Tasks              | 1 | 2     | 3 | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7    | 8     | 9 | 10    | 11    | 12 |
|-------------------------|---|-------|---|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|---|-------|-------|----|
| RIITS                   |   |       |   |       |       |       |      |       |   |       |       |    |
| CCTV FOOTAGE            |   | Vikas |   |       |       | Vikas |      |       |   |       |       |    |
| TRAFFIC FLOW            |   |       |   |       |       |       |      |       |   | Vikas |       |    |
| MIDDLE TIER             |   | Raghu |   |       |       |       |      |       |   |       |       |    |
| PATTERN ANALYSIS        |   |       |   |       | Raghu |       |      |       |   |       |       |    |
| GRANULAR QUERYING       |   |       |   |       |       |       |      |       |   | Raghu |       |    |
| SOFTWARE ENVIRONMENT    |   | Nima  |   |       |       |       |      |       |   |       |       |    |
| ARCGIS                  |   |       |   | Nima  |       |       |      |       |   |       |       |    |
| QUERYING TRAFFIC        |   |       |   |       |       |       | Nima |       |   |       |       |    |
| TRACKING MOVING OBJECTS |   |       |   |       |       |       |      |       |   | Nima  |       |    |
| HADOOP File System      |   | Afsin |   |       |       |       |      |       |   |       |       |    |
| MAP MODEL               |   |       |   | Afsin |       |       |      |       |   |       |       |    |
| HADOOP OUTPUT ANALYSIS  |   |       |   |       |       |       |      | Afsin |   |       |       |    |
| AUTOMATING HADOOP I/P   |   |       |   |       |       |       |      |       |   |       | Afsin |    |

## Deliverables- Vikas

- Understanding and displaying the data from RIITS – 4 weeks
- Including the CCTV footages in the GUI – 4 weeks
- Implementing traffic flow – 4 weeks

29

## Deliverables- Raghu

- Middle Tier implementation – 4 weeks
- Traffic pattern analysis – 4 weeks
- Granular Querying and retrieving results – 4 weeks

30

## [ Deliverables- Nima ]

- Installing ArcGIS – 3 weeks
- Loading our data to ArcGIS – 3 weeks
- Querying Traffic - 3 weeks
- Tracking moving objects – 3 weeks

31

## [ Deliverables- Afsin ]

- Retrieving output from Hadoop -9 weeks
- Automating input to Hadoop – 3 weeks

32

[ Thank You ]

33